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**8** Title:

JP9293499A2: NONAQUEOUS ELECTROLYTE SECONDARY BATTERY AND

MANUFACTURE THEREOF

**§** Country:

JP Japan

Inventor:

TAKASUGI SHINICHI:

SAKAI TSUGIO: TAWARA KENSUKE; **IWASAKI FUMIHARU**; SAKAMOTO HIDEO:

TAMACHI TSUNEAKI;

Assignee:

**SEIKO INSTR KK** 

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Problem to be solved: To prevent deformation or the like of an electrode and achieve a great electric capacity and high performance by laminating metal lithiums on both sides of the electrode via separators made of porous films, soaking the electrode group in an organic electrolyte inside a jar, followed by fastening and pressurizing.

Solution: Metal lithiums 3 each having a copper mesh lead 6 attached thereto are laminated, via separators 4 made of

polypropylene porous films, on both sides of an electrode 5 held by a copper foil having a thickness of 10µm as a current collector, thereby obtaining an electrode group, which is then soaked into an organic electrolyte contained in a jar defined by the outside flat plates 2 made of polypropylene and reduced in pressure, followed

by fastening and pressurizing the jar by means of clips 1.

Subsequently, a current is supplied to a lead 7 of the electrode and the lead 6 of the lithium, so that lithium ions are electrically stored in the electrode 5 in a pressurized condition. Consequently, it is possible to prevent deformation or the like of the electrode in storing the lithium in an active agent, so as to provide a battery of high

performance with little irreversible capacity and a great electric

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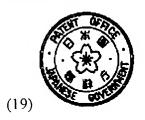






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(57) Abstract:

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